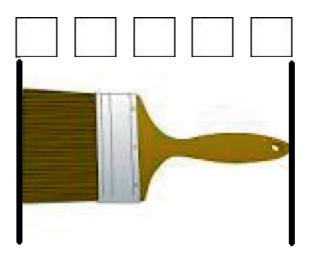


Name _____ Date _____

Sara lined up her centimeter cubes to find the length of the picture of the paintbrush.

Sara thinks the picture of the paintbrush is 5 centimeter cubes long.



Is her answer correct? Explain why or why not.



L: Connect measurement with physical units by using multiple copies of the same physical unit to measure. Name _____

Date _____

Matt measured his index card using a centimeter cube. He marked the endpoint of the cube as he measured. He thinks the index card is 10 centimeters long.

1	 2	 3	 4	 5	 6	 7	 8	 9	10

a. Is Matt's work correct? Explain why or why not.

b. If you were Matt's teacher what would you tell him?



A S	ѕто	RY	OF	UN	TS

No	me	Date
1.	Use your centimeter ruler. What is the length in cen	timeters of each line?
	a. Line A is cm long.	
	Line A	
	b. Line B is cm long.	
	Line B	
	c. Line C is cm long.	
	Line C	
2.	Find the length across the center of the circle.	
	The length senses the sincle is	
	The length across the circle is cm.	



Lesson 4	Exit Ticket	2•2
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Name Date

1. Circle cm (centimeter) or m (meter) to show which measurement you would use to measure the length of each object.

a. Length of a train cm or m

A STORY OF UNITS

- b. Length of an envelope cm or m
- c. Length of a house cm or m
- 2. Would it take more meters or more centimeters to measure the length of a playground? Explain your answer.



No	ame	Date
1.	Circle the most reasonable estimate for each ob	oject.
	a. Length of a push pin	1 cm or 1 m
	b. Length of a classroom door	100 cm or 2 m
	c. Length of a pair of student scissors	17 cm or 42 cm

- Estimate the length of your desk. (Remember, the width of your pinky is about 1 cm.)
 My desk is about _____ cm long.
- 3. How does knowing that an unsharpened pencil is about 20 cm long help you estimate the length of your arm from your elbow to your wrist?



5: Develop estimation strategies by applying prior knowledge of length and using mental benchmarks.

Name	Date
Measure the length of each line and compare.	
Line M	
Line N	
Line O	
1. Line M is about cm longer than Line O.	
2. Line N is about cm shorter than Line M.	

3. Line N doubled would be about _____ cm (longer/shorter) than Line M.



Name	Date	

Measure the lines with small paper clips and then with a centimeter ruler. Then, answer the questions below.

Line 1		
Line 2		
Line 3		_
a. Line 1 paper clips	cm	
b. Line 2 paper clips	cm	
c. Line 3 paper clips	cm	

Explain why each measurement required more centimeters than paper clips.



Lesson 7:

Measure and compare lengths using standard metric length units and non-standard length units; relate measurement to unit size.

Name	Date	2

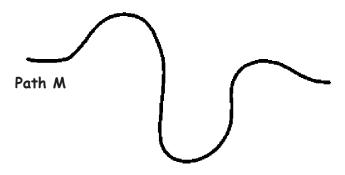
- 1. Use the ruler below to draw one line that begins at 2 cm and ends at 12 cm. Label that line R. Draw another line that begins at 5 cm and ends at 11 cm. Label that line S.
 - a. Add 3 cm to Line R and 4 cm to Line S.
 - b. How long is Line R now? _____ cm
 - c. How long is Line S now? _____ cm
 - d. The new Line S is _____ cm (shorter/longer) than the new Line R.

| 5 4 12 14 3 11 2 9 13 6 10 15 1

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Name	Date	

1. Use your string to measure the two paths. Write the length in centimeters.



Path N

Path M is _____ cm long.

Path N is _____ cm long.

2. Mandy measured the paths and said both paths are the same length.

Is Mandy correct? Yes or No? _____

Explain why or why not.

3. Draw a tape diagram to compare the two lengths.



Steven has a black leather strip that is 13 centimeters long. He cut off 5 centimeters. His teacher gave him a brown leather strip that is 16 centimeters long. What is the total length of both strips?



10: Apply conceptual understanding of measurement by solving two-step word problems.